Temperament Estimation as an MIR task

Dan Tidhar¹, György Fazekas, Matthias Mauch, Simon Dixon Centre for Digital Music Queen Mary, University of London, UK

Abstract

Tuning and temperament have been occupying musical and scientific minds for many centuries. Towards the end of the twentieth century, as historical performance practice was gradually becoming an established part of mainstream musical activity, more attention has been directed to the study and application of historical unequal temperaments. We have recently presented experimental results demonstrating that it is possible to classify keyboard temperament automatically from recordings of typical harpsichord pieces (Tidhar, Mauch, & Dixon, 2010). Six different commonly-used temperaments have been accurately recognised in a dataset consisting of 48 recordings. In (Tidhar, Fazekas, Mauch, & Dixon, 2010) we present TempEst, an online temperament estimation service based on components developed within the OMRAS2 project ². TempEst employs the estimation algorithms developed in (Tidhar, Mauch, & Dixon, 2010), enhanced by a Temperament Ontology ((Fazekas & Tidhar, 2009)) and an additional inference module. We are currently working on improving and extending the ontology and inference components, and on applying the temperament estimation method to larger collections of commercially available recordings. In this late-breaking presentation we will briefly provide some background to the temperament estimation project, present the current state of the Temperament Ontology, discuss the nature of temperament estimation as an MIR task, and present some initial results of the analysis of commercially available harpsichord recordings.

References

Fazekas, G., & Tidhar, D. (2009). The temperament ontology. Retrieved 2010, 1., from http://purl.org/ontology/temperament/

Tidhar, D., Fazekas, G., Mauch, M., & Dixon, S. (2010). Tempest: Harpsichord temperament estimation in a semantic-web environment. *Journal for New Music Research*. (Under review)

Tidhar, D., Mauch, M., & Dixon, S. (2010). High precision frequency estimation for harpsichord tuning classification. In *IEEE international conference on acoustics, speech, and signal processing* (ICASSP2010).

¹Correspondence should be addressed to dan.tidhar@elec.qmul.ac.uk.

²http://www.omras2.org